

## Penetration of a single steel foundation pin in a granitic rock

CIVIL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MANUFACTURING • MINING • OIL & GAS • POWER GENERATION

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Cathie Associates HydroQuest

France



The development of a subsea tidal turbine requires specific research work concerning the design of the foundation in contact with the seabed. This design stage can be simplified by the use of numerical modelling and more particularly by using discrete modelling.

HydroQuest asked Cathie Associates to check their previous calculations regarding the behavior of a single steel foundation pin in a granitic rock mass by using Itasca's discrete numerical approach and follow the forces applied to the pin as well as the state of the damaged zone around the tip during penetration.

View of the rock sample (depending on ball radius) and the simplified fracture network used →

## **ITASCA'S ROLE**

Model with Cathie Associates the two main stages that strongly stress the pin: the installation phase in the rock (vertical penetration) and the operational phase (shearing due to swell).

Verify penetration resistance according to the ballast weight then develop a servo-control mechanism to maintain the vertical force to the pin during its displacement.

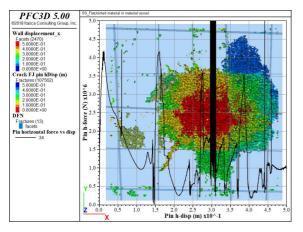
Conduct a series of numerical investigations with *PFC3D* to test various conditions and help Cathie Associates assess the risks associated with the foundation design and installation procedures.

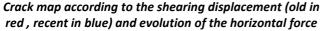
## **PROJECT RESULTS**

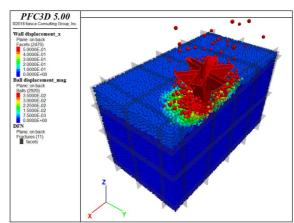
The vertical force required to penetrate the rock (considering the mechanical properties of the rock and its fracture network) is consistent with the empirical results.

The geometry of the fracture network has a very strong influence on the propagation of fractures and therefore on the observed mechanical behaviour.

The reaction force on the pin recorded during its displacement exhibits large fluctuations: energy accumulates in the vicinity of the pin until a sudden break of the pre-existing bonded contacts.







Ball displacement contour during shearing phase